# SPANNING SAFETY CONNECTING STRUCTURES

Priority Preservation Support Unit Bridge Preservation MDOT Bureau of Bridges and Structures

## **Bridge Deck Patching**



### **BPP Local Agency Outreach Training**

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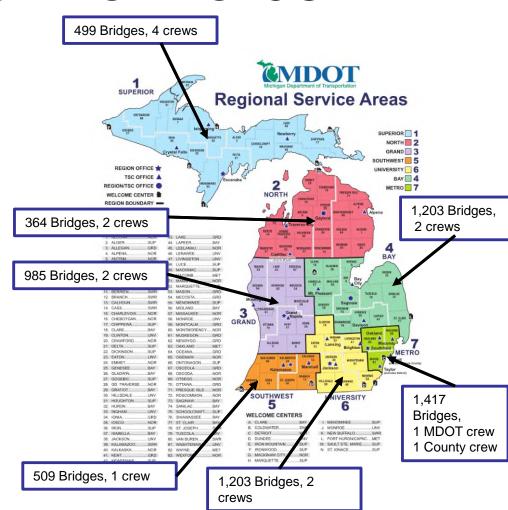
# Inventory

- 5,943 MDOT owned structures
- 58 'Big Bridges' (deck area >100,000 sft)
- 12 Bascule or Movable bridges
- 3 bridge authorities (International, Mackinaw, Blue water)

Structure Inventory Summary	Count	Structure Condition Summary	Count
Total No. of Structures Highway (NBI) Structures greater than 20' Highway Structures less than 20' Rail Road Structures (X) Pedestrian Structures (P)	5,943 4,510 1,135 125 160	Good/Fair (5 or Greater)	5,553
		Highway included in NBI Non NBI Structures (<20, RR, Ped, etc.)	4,247 1,306
		Poor (4)	329
Other Non-Highway Structures (V, Plaza)  Additional Bridge Inventory Information	13	Highway included in NBI Non NBI Structures (<20, RR, Ped, etc.)	231 98
Posted Structures	24	Serious/Critical (3 or less)	55
Closed Structures Fracture Critical Structures	13 81	Highway included in NBI Non NBI Structures (<20, RR, Ped, etc.)	32 23
Scour Critical Structures	476	Unrated Structures	6
Scheduled/Under Construction (S, G)	114	Highway included in NBI Non NBI Structures (<20, RR, Ped, etc.)	0 6

## Maintenance Workforce

- 7 Regions
- 14 Regional"Bridge"
   Crews Statewide
- 3 Central Office Bridge Crews
  - Statewide Steel Bridge
  - Statewide RegionSupport Unit
  - Statewide Reachall



# Bridge Maintenance Activities

- Bridge Cleaning
- Silane
- Joint Replacement
- Deck Patching
- Substructure Patching
- Rip Rap Installation
- Healer Sealer
- Thin Epoxy/polymer Overlay

Pressure Relief Joints

The information in this presentation is recommended to MDOT's maintenance forces. Consult with your local bridge engineer prior to all structural bridge work.

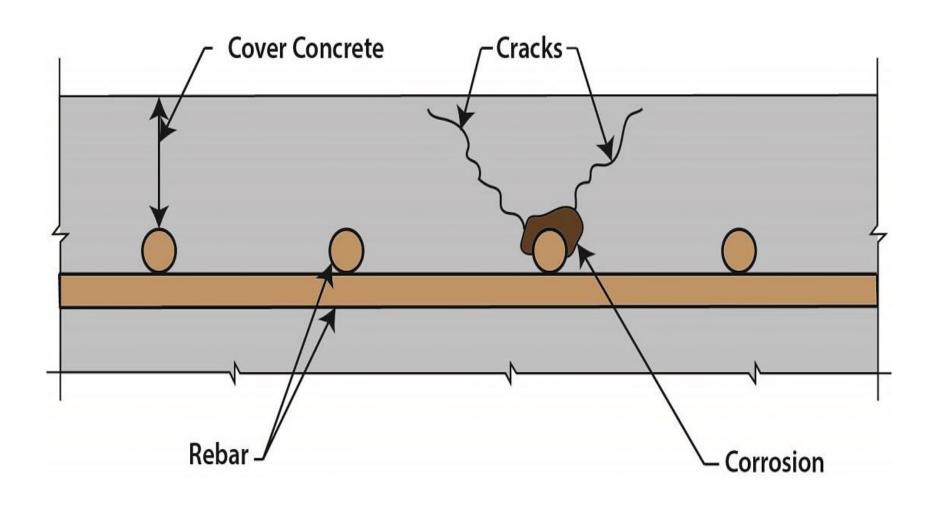
# Agenda

- Causes of Concrete Deterioration
- Deck Patch Scoping
  - Types of Deck Deterioration: Scaling, shallow delamination, deep delamination, full depth
- Deck Patch Equipment
- Patch Preparation
  - Best Practices
- Material Selection
  - Rapid Set Concretes
- Patch Installation
  - Best Practices
- Curing Process
- Preservation Practices

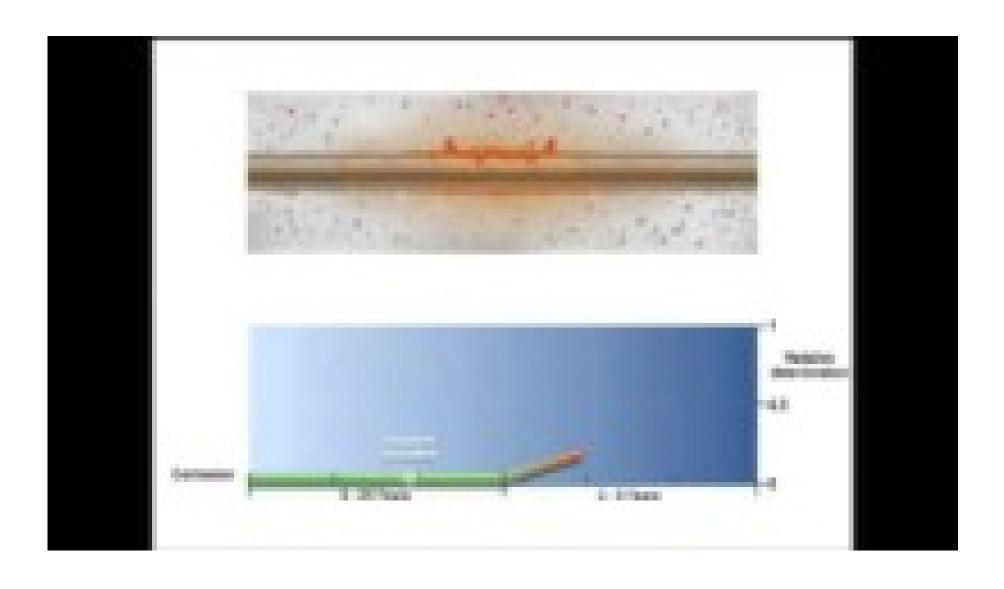
## Causes of Concrete Deterioration

- Steel reinforcement corrosion
- Chloride intrusion
- Structural defects (Environmental stresses, aggregate expansion, poor mixing create weak spots)

# Steel Reinforcement Corrosion



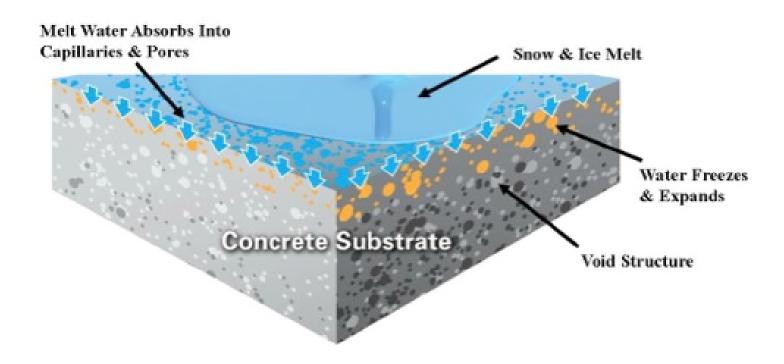
# Steel Reinforcement Corrosion



# Steel Reinforcement Corrosion



## Chloride Intrusion



## Structural Defects

- Plastic Shrinkage cracks (Improper Curing process)
- Construction movement Loss of bearing (settlement or shoring problems)
- Incorrect Design loads Other issues inducing stresses not designed for.

# Deck Patch Scoping

Visually inspect deck surface & bottom for all areas of deterioration

Do your homework!
History of bridge:
Shallow overlay?
Deep Overlay?
Previous patches failing?



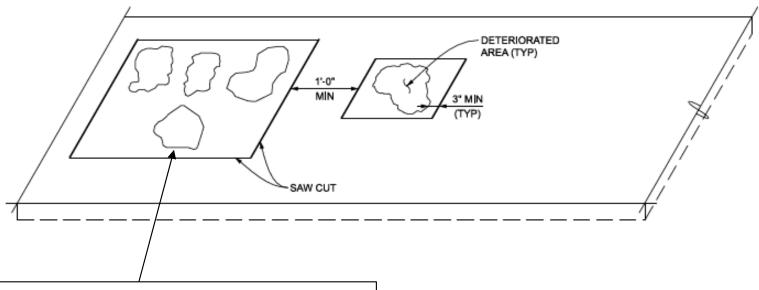
# Deck Patch Scoping

Sound area to be patched and/or around patch area to identify all unsound concrete

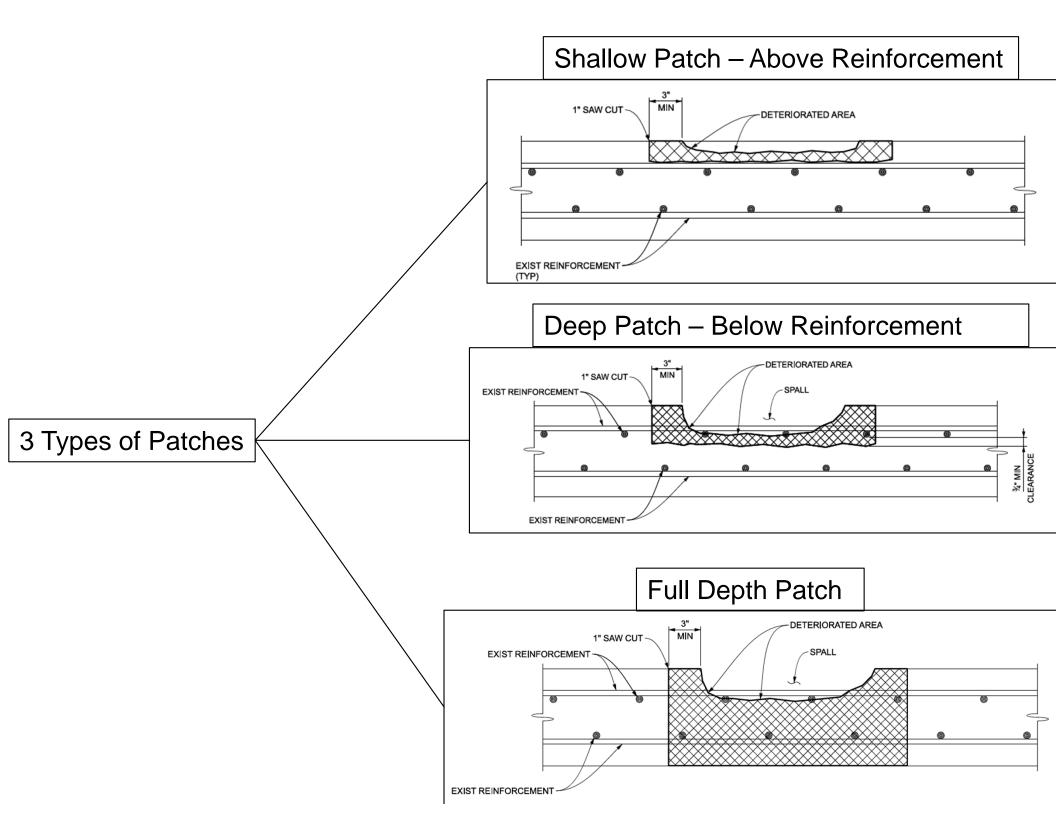


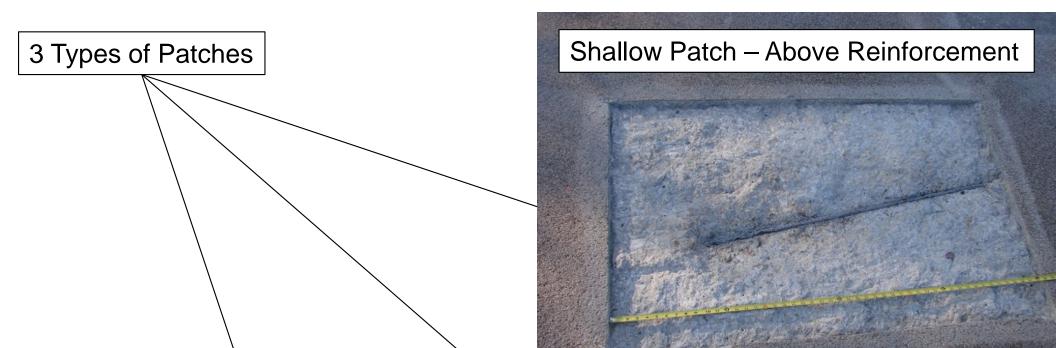
# Deck Patch Scoping

Sound area to be patched and/or around patch area to identify all unsound concrete



Mark limits of removal to encompass deteriorated area plus 3" min on all sides. If two patches are less than 1 ft apart, combine the patches









### **Necessities:**

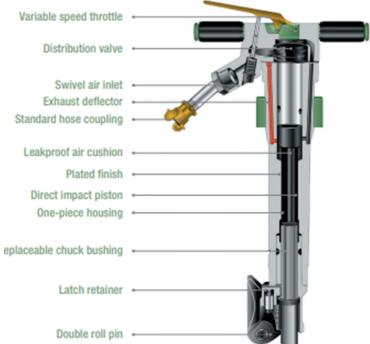
- Concrete Saw
- Jack Hammer
- Air Compressor
- Sandblaster
- Concrete Finishing Equipment

## **Optional:**

- Roller Screed
- Vibratory Screed
- Vacuum Truck











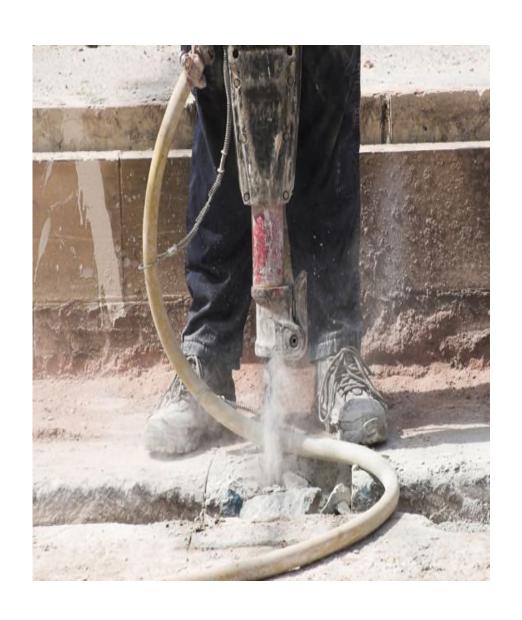
## Saw Cutting

Can use walk behind saw or hand held saw

Keep saw depth to 1" is best as possible. Ensure to cut 1" past intersections.



## Chip Limits of Deterioration



Ensure to chip all unsound concrete



Ensure to chip all unsound concrete



Check Edges



## Clean Patch Areas



## Clean Patch Areas

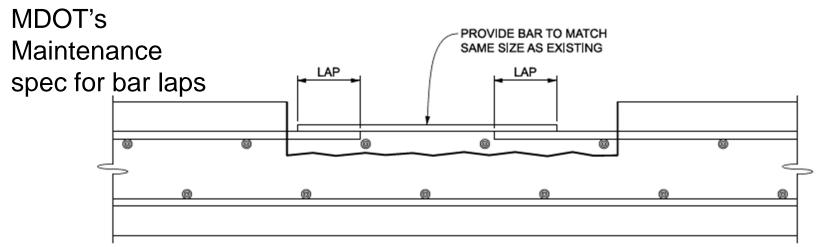


### Reinforcement Steel

Ensure to sandblast heavily corroded steel

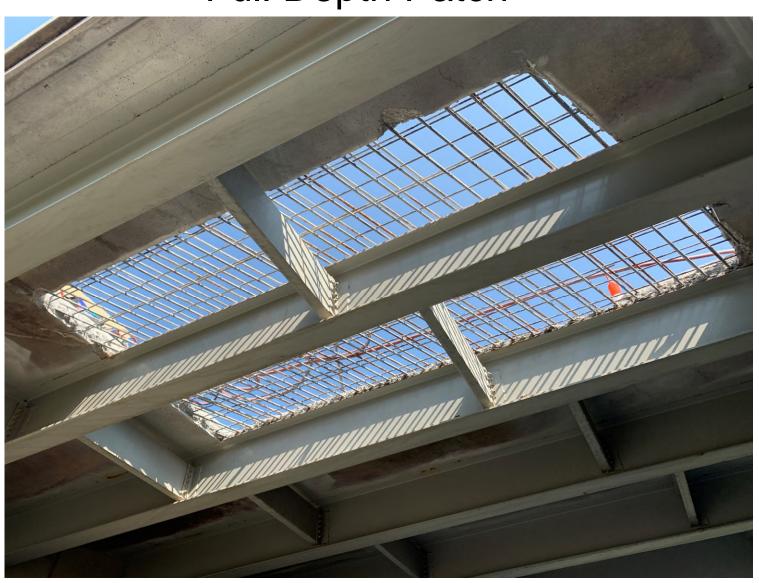
Replace in kind any damaged or missing steel. Epoxy Coated steel is preferred





BAR	LAP
#4	20"
#5	26"
#6	31"

Full Depth Patch

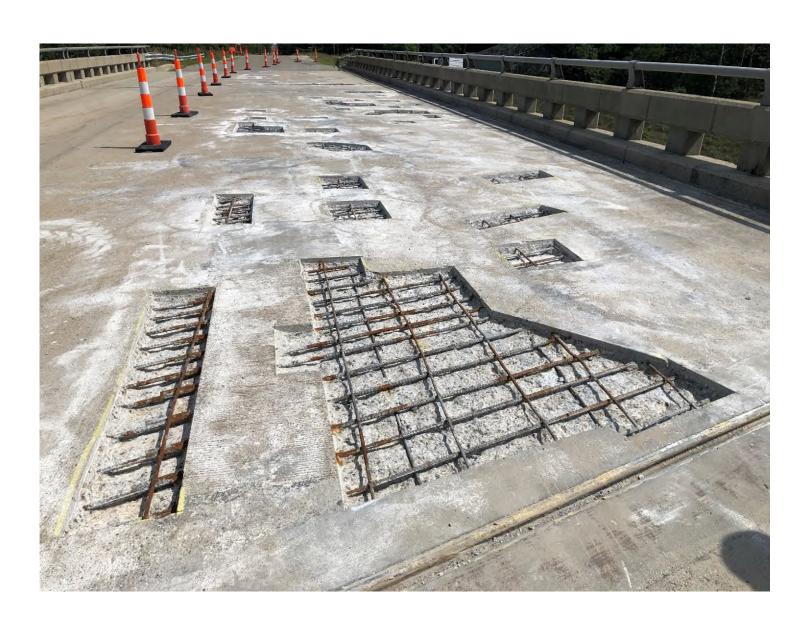


Poor Formwork



**Proper Bracing** 

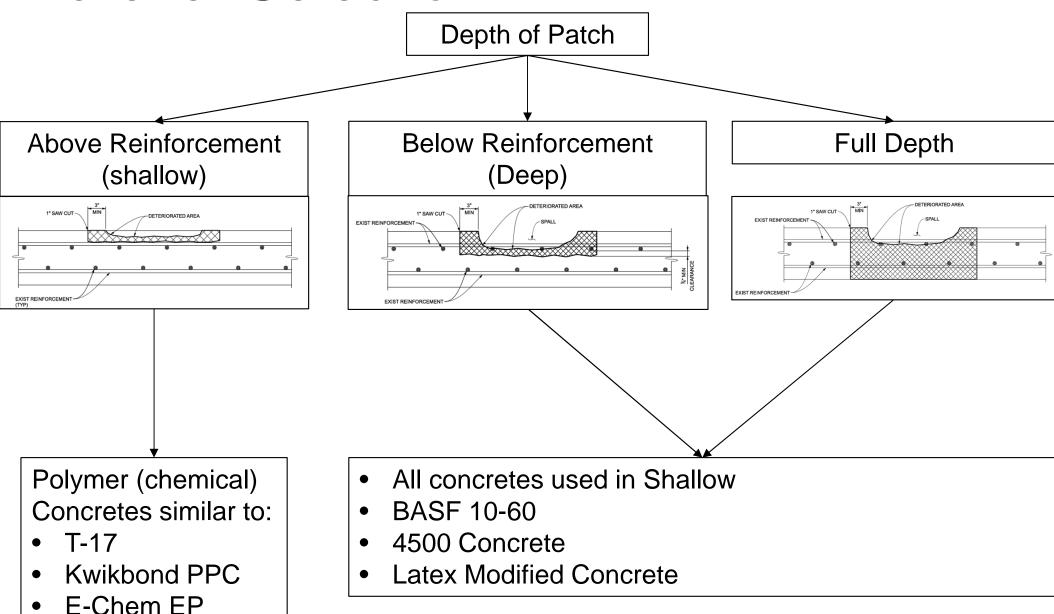




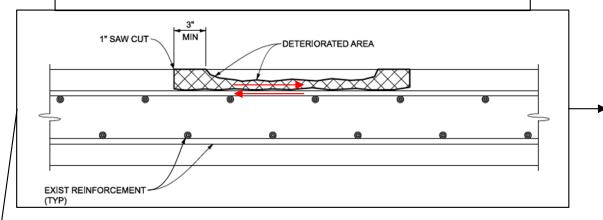


## **Material Selection**

Patch



### Shallow Patch – Above Reinforcement



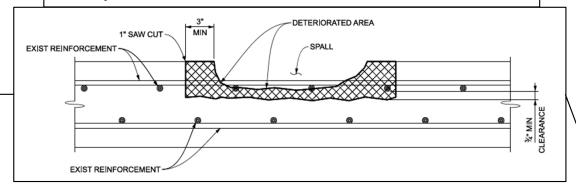
Polymer (chemical) Concretes similar to:

- T-17
- Kwikbond PPC
- E-Chem EP Patch

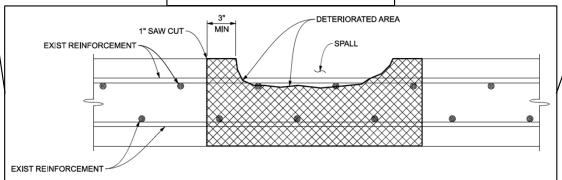
### Deep Patch – Below Reinforcement

3 Types

of Patches



### Full Depth Patch



- All concretes used in Shallow
- BASF 10-60
- 4500 Concrete
- Latex Modified Concrete

### **Material Selection**

### Rapid Cure Time

- MasterEmaco T1060 by BASF –Rapid Mortar
  - 2-3 Hours
- Castek T-17
  - 2-3 Hours
- Kwikbond Polymers
  - PPC Easy Patch
    - 2-3 Hours
- Echem EP Patch
  - 3-5 Hours

### **Longer Cure Time**

- MDOT 4500Concrete
  - 7 Day (wet)
- Latex Modified Concrete
  - 48 Hours wet & 48 hours dry

**BASF 1060** 



### **BASF 1060**

Technical Data Guide



03 01 00 Maintenance of

### MasterEmaco T 1060

Very rapid-setting cement-based concrete repair mortar

### FORMERLY 10-60 RAPID MORTAR

### MasterEmaco T 1060

50 lb (22.6 kg) polyethylene-lined bags 3,000 lb (1,360 kg) bulk bags

### MasterEmaco T 1060DR 50 lb (22.6 kg) polyethylene-lined bags

0.43 ft3 (0.012 m3) per 50 lb (22 6 kg) WHEN EXTENDED 50%: 0.57 ft<sup>3</sup> (0.018 m<sup>3</sup>)

- WHEN EXTENDED 100%: 0.77 ft2 (0.022 m<sup>2</sup>)

### STORAGE

Store in unopened containers in cool, clean, dry conditions

### SHELF LIFE

- SOLB BAGS
- 1 year when properly stored 3,000 LB BULK BAGS:
- 6 months when properly stored

### VOC CONTENT

0 g/L less water and exempt solvents

MasterEmaco T 1060 is a one-component, shrinkage-compensated, very rapid-setting, cementbased moriar. It is designed for repairing horizontal concrete surfaces where high early strength gain is required. MasterEmaco T 1060DR is a reduced dust version available separately.

### PRODUCT HIGHLIGHTS

- Extra low permeability helps minimize chloride intrusion
- Very rapid-setting so that structures can be opened to vehicular traffic in 1 hour
- little as 4 hours
- Excellent resistance to freeze/thaw cycling
- Shrinkage-compensated, minimizing cracking from drying shrinkage, reducing stress at the bond line
- · Can be extended up to 100% by weight, providing higher yields
- Proprietary cement blend bonds to carbonated and noncarbonated concrete substrates

### **APPLICATIONS**

- Interior and exterior
- Horizontal surfaces
- Applications requiring high early-strength gain Structural concrete repairs
- · Partial and full-depth repairs

### SUBSTRATES

### HOW TO APPLY SURFACE PREPARATION

- CONCRETE 1. Concrete must be structurally sound and fully cured (28 days).
- Low residual moisture, can be coated in as 2. Saw cut the perimeter of the area being repaired into a square with a minimum depth of 1/2" (13 mm).
  - 3. Refer to current ICRI Guideline no. 310.2R for surface prep requirements to permit proper bond.

### REINFORCING STEEL

- 1. Remove all oxidation and scale from the exposed reinforcing steel in accordance with ICRI Technical Guideline No. 310.1R.
- 2. For additional protection from future corrosion, coat the prepared reinforcing steel with MasterProtect P 8100 AP.



**BASF 1060** 



**BASF 1060** 





### Castek – T-17



### **Technical Data Sheet**

### MMA Polymer Concrete Patching Material

T-17

T-17 is a 100% reactive, rapid setting, solvent-free methyl methacrylate (MMA) polymer concrete system that can be used as a repair for partial or full depth patching, grouting, and structural repairs. This system is to be used on horizontal concrete surfaces, on grade, above and below grade.

The polymer concrete consists of a two-component system. The T-17 liquid component consists of a solvent free 100% reactive, low viscosity methyl methacrylate (MMA). The T-17 powder component consists of a prepackaged blend of sand, inert fillers, polymers, and initiators. The material can be applied at a minimum ½" (13mm) thickness. For deeper patching, the T-17 should be extended with a special aggregate.

### **Application Procedure**

<u>Surface Preparation</u>: All surfaces that are to receive T-17 must be thoroughly clean, dry and free of all dirt, grease, rust and other contaminates that might interfere with the proper adhesion of the polymer concrete. All damaged or deteriorated concrete shall be removed using jack-hammers or any other means and cut back to sound concrete. All surfaces must be thoroughly shot-blasted or sandblasted prior to applying T-17.

Priming: Priming is done with T-41s MMA primer using either rollers or brushes at a rate of 0.01gal/ft² (0.4L/m²). The primer resin is mixed with an appropriate amount of powder hardener (BPO) as shown in Table 1. The primer coat must be allowed to cure tack-free before application of the patching material.

Table 1: Mixing Instructions for T41-s Primer

Ambient Temperature °F (°C)	No. of loz (30g) Bags of BPO per gal (3.79L) of T41-s Resin		
14 - 35 (-10 - 2)	6		
36 - 55 (2 - 13)	5		
56 - 75 (13 - 24)	4		
76 – 104 (24 – 40)	3		

<u>T-17 Mixing</u>: For small batches, the material can be mixed in a polyethylene bag that is available upon request. This is done by adding the powder, a pre-measured amount of liquid component to the bag, twisting the top with both hands so as to leave a small air space above the material, holding the bag closed with one hand and using the other to agitate the components in the bag until completely mixed. After powder and liquid are mixed, additional aggregate should be added and repeat mixing procedure.

For larger mixing, a rotary drum mortar mixer may be used. The inside of the mixer should be clean and dry. Add appropriate amount of Transpo T-17 liquid to the mixer, the Transpo T-17 powder component, and mix until uniform consistency. Next, add the additional coarse aggregate and re-mix for another minute. The amount of aggregate and resin added per bag of Transpo T-17 powder depends on the depth of the patch. Refer to Table 2:

Table 2: Mixing Instructions for T-17 per 50 lb (22.7 kg) bag of T-17 Powder

Depth of Patch in (mm)	Amt. Extension	Agg. Size in (mm)	Amt. Agg. lb (kg)	T-17 Liquid gal (L)	Yield ft'(m')
2 (51) and above	100%	3/4 x 3/8 (19 x 10)	50 (22.7)	0.875 (3.3) 112 OZ	0.72 (0.07)
1/2 - 2 (13 - 51)	50%	3/8 x 3/16 (10 x 5)	25 (11.3)	0.75 (2.8) 96 OZ	0.56 (0.05)
Less than ½ (13)	0%		-	0.625 (2.4) 80 OZ	0.40 (0.03)





Castek – T-17

T-17 Methyl Methacrylate Polymer Concrete Patch Material

- Application temperature 14 to 100 degrees F
- Fast set time of 45 minutes (@ 70 degrees F)
- Reinforcement not necessary
- Does not require drum mixer



















### **Material Placement**



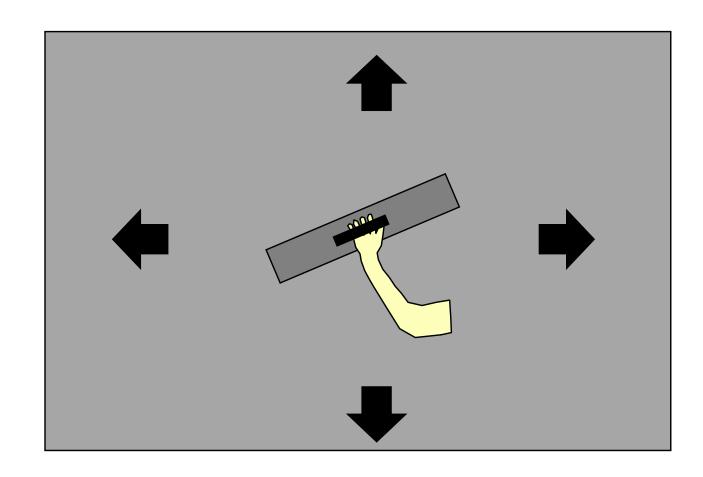
### **Material Placement**

Ensure to screed concrete to keep existing roadway crown.

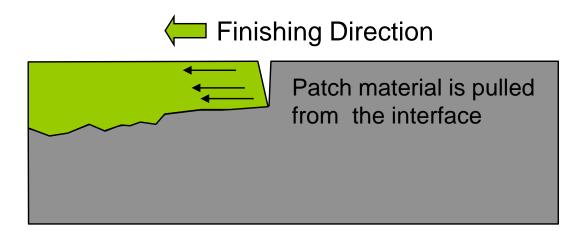


### Finishing

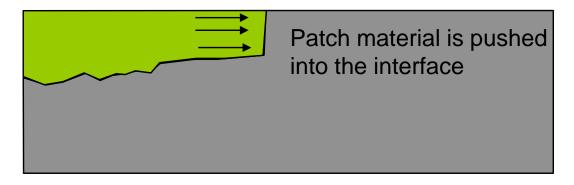
Finish concrete towards the outside of patch



### Finishing







Curing – Soaked Burlap



Curing – Heating & Housing



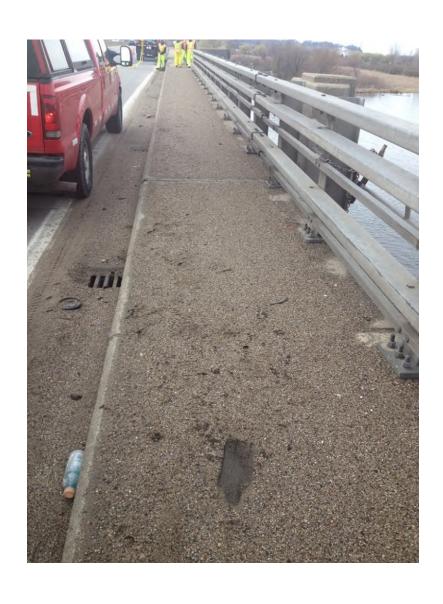
## Bridge Deck Preservation Practices

- Cleaning bridge
- Application of silane or other penetrating sealers
- Epoxy crack chasing or epoxy healer sealer
- Thin epoxy overlay or other polymer overlay

# Cleaning Bridge Deck



# Surface Washing





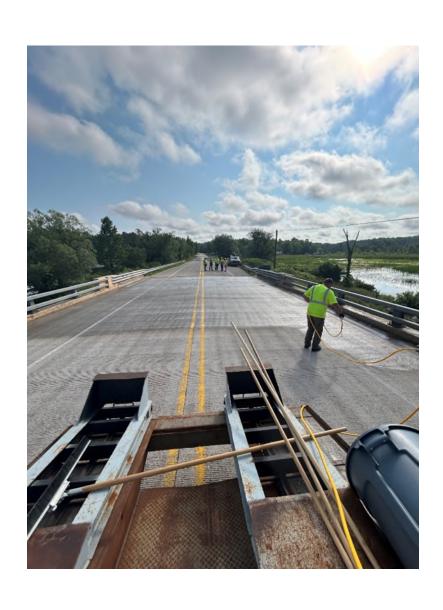
# Cleaning Expansion Joints







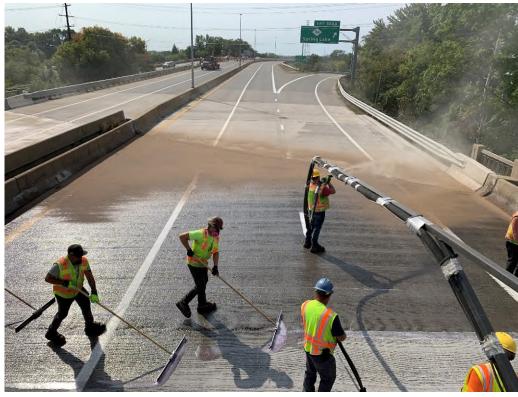
# Silane Application





## Healer Sealer





# Thin Epoxy / Polymer Overlays





## Questions?????

